for the place. Mr. Carter, it was acknowledged, would have to make a personal sacrifice. He was a candidate for United States Senator from Montana, and the canvass would need his personal attention this fall if he should hope to succeed Mr. Carter also said that he should resign his office of Commissioner of the Land Office if he should accept the chairmanship. In response to the unanimous wish of his associates upon the committee, Mr. Carter at last consented, however, to accept the honor.

UNANIMOUSLY CHOSEN FOR THE PLACE. His election as chairman promptly followed the reassembling of the committee at 4 o'clock. James S. Clarkson moved that Mr. Carter should be elected chairman, and praised that gentleman for his political ability. In Mr. Clarkson's belief no better choice could be made. These does one political parade make a Fresidential sentiments were also expressed by Henry C. Payne, who heartfly seconded Mr. Carter's nom-Mr. Carter was then, by the unanimous vote of the committee, elected chairman of the

made the agreeable duty of Cornelius N. It was made the agreeable duty of Cornelius N. Biliss, the treasurer of the committee, to escort Mr. Carter from his room into the presence of the committee. When the faces of Mr. Carter and Mr. Bilss were seen at the door of the committee-room there was loud applause. Mr. Carter was escorted to the platform and was there formally told of his election as chairman, the announcement being made by Mr. Sutherland, the temporary chairman. Mr. Sutherland fol owel up this announcement by making a strong and able speech upon the work which would have to be done by the chairman, and finally asked Mr. Carter if he was willing to undertake the work.

MR. CARTER'S SPEECH OF ACCEPTANCE. Carter replied at length, pressing his diffidence, describing the work, and asking the hearty aid of his fellow-members in his great task. He then accepted the honor of chairman of both of the committees, the Executive Committee and the National Republican Committee, to which he had been elected. Here is his

speech in full:

"Gentlamen of the National Committee—To plead insensibility of the great trust which you have just conferred to my care would be to cast a reflection upon your judgment, collectively and separately. As your worthy presiding officer Mr. Sitherland has well said, this is a task of great magnitude, a baild said, this is a task of great magnitude, a baild samounting to little less than a hand-to-hand struggle with forces fully determined to grasp the powers of Government from the Republican party.

We have passed in the history of the world beyond the time when near have overthrown governments for

amounting to little less than a hand-former angrewith forces fully determined to grasp the powers of Government from the Republican party.

We have passed in the history of the world beyond the time when aren have overthrown governments for the sake of power, but the distance between the time of that passage and the present is not very great. The fact that the struggle does not involve life and death, is only a mitigation of the severity of the contest which we are about to enter.

From these suggestions it may be interred that I appreciate, in some degree at least, the nature of the responsibility at hand, and the character of the effort necessary to be put forth. I would shrink from this task as from a hopeless struggle were it not for the fact that about not seen and capable members of the committee lived!, while supporting this organization, known as the Executive Committee, will be the National organization representing every State and Territory. In addition to this, the league of clubs and other aggressive forces, supplemental to the different State organizations of the party, and then the county and district organizations with the people behind them, will make up all in all a mighty force of carnest, sincere men, actuated by lofty motives and desirous of performed is great, an aggregation of working leaders whose hearts and souls are with the Republican party gives courage and strength and confidence to all. This committee will have perfected its organization before its final adjournment to dny. Relying, as we do, upon the intelligence and patriotism of the American people, we can, if supported by an earniest effort, confidentially expect to meet with deserved victory in November.

I can but promise to each and all the members of this committee, and the greater part of the Republican party, whom you represent, an carnest, tircless effort to prove worthy of this great trust.

You have given me your confidence, and of vour support I have no doubt. I shall endeavor to prove worthy of both and to labor with

bestowed on me and await your pleasure

Then, upon motion of Mr. Payne, the commit-tee elected W. J. Campbell, of Illinois, the re-tiring chairman, a member of the Executive Com-mittee. Mr. Carter resigned the office of sec-MR. CAPTER AUTHORIZED TO NAME A SECRETARY

Thereupon, on motion of Mr. Payne, the chairman, Mr. Carter was authorized to appoint the secretary of the committee. James F. Burke, president of the Republican College League of Republican Clubs, was elected temporary chair-

Upon motion of Mr. Fessenden, the chairman was authorized to appoint a committee of five as an advisory committee to the Executive Committee. The members of this Advisory Committee need not be members of the National Republican Committee.

Mr. Clarkson moved that a committee of three be appointed to obtain a headquarters building for the committee. The committee then adjourned to meet on Monday morning to transact other

business.

Mr. Carter afterward said in response to a ques tion upon the subject: I shall at once resign my office of Commissioner of the Land Office." Mr. Carter last evening sent a letter to ex-Con-gressman Louis E. McComas, of Maryland, offer-ing him the place of secretary of the National Re-

pressman bous it is a secretary of the National Republican Committee.

Thomas H. Carter was born at Junior Furnace in Sciota County, Ohio, on October 30, 1854. In 1865, when he was eleven years old, his parents moved to Pana, Christian County, Illinois, and he there lived for ten years on a farm. In 1875 he 'went to lowa to live, and stayed there until he moved to his present place of abode, Helena, Montana. Mr. Carter studied law and was admitted to practice at the bar.

His public life began 'with his election as a delegate to the List Congress from Montana. The State was admitted in 1880, and Mr. Carter was elected a Congressman, but he was defeated for 're-election in 1890. In March, 1891, he was appointed Commissioner of the Land Office.

IRISH-AMERICAN, ENTHUSIASM.

CONVINCING ARGUMENTS USED BY GENERAL GEORGE A. THERIDAN AND OTHERS.

It is a great pity and a fact to be deplored that more Irish-Americans did not have an opportunity to attend the meeting of the Irish-American Club of the City and County of New York, which was held last evening at No. 54 Union Square. If ever the prin ciples of the Republican party were clearly enunciated one who attended that meeting could go away with principles other than those of the Republican party. And this applies more particularly to Irishmen who have become citizens of five members. The chief of the bureau of plumbing this country. Captain Thomas P. Lynch presided and drainage of the Department of Buildings and the and made an eloquent plea for Irishmen to support the party of protection to American labor, sound money and a free and untrammelled ballot. Michael C. Burke, one of the younger members, did himself credit by the way in which he called upon the members to support the party which has their wel-After him came one of the pieces o the beavy artillery of the Grand Old Party-General George A. Sheridan. He convinced, in his telling way, every one who heard him, that the Republican party was to be supported if one had American prospert; He compared the people country, a land of protection, with the people of England, a land of free trade. "The Democrats," he said, "say that if they are elected. American prosperity will be increased." If the Democrats are elected we will have free trade. England has free trade. England, under free trade rule, makes one panper out of every thirty-eight persons. On the other hand, in this country, we tolerate only one pauper among every 640 of our people. If we were by free trade rule, to have as many paupers in proportion to our population as England has, it would be simply increased prosperity. So the Democrats say." And so the General shower that in every walk of life we would drop to the English level if the Democrats were elected. He showed that at present we are far above their level. He said in conclusion: "If free trude in England has reduced the people to a level way below ours, do you suppose that free trade in this country will increase our prosperity. Not much. Captain Charles O'Conner McLaughlin, the well-known newspaper writer, was the next speaker. He

Are not the only abode of malaria. You find it every where, even in localities where atmospheric and sanitary conditions would seem to be unfavorable to its develop ment. The universal remedy for and preventive of the dire complaint is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Wherever the malady assumes its most virulent form, and whether it be chills and fever, billous remittent, dumb ague or aque the Bitters is most popular and constitutes the best means of protection and cure. From Maine to the Isthmus of Panama, in Guatemala, Mexico, South America and the tropics, this truly famous medicine has won "golder from all conditions and classes in more than metaphorical sense. For debility, indigestion, constipu tion, theumatism, insomnia, neuralgia, liver and kidney

is an Irishman, and, as such, he showed Irishmen that Harrison and Rold were the men to vote for. The other speakers were Thomas Martin, P. J. Tynen, Thomas F. O'Malley and Joseph M. Deuel.
The next meeting will be held on Saturday, July 30. Every Irish-American should attend.

THE COMMITTEE SERENADED.

ENTHUSIASM AT THE FIFTH AVENUE HOTEL.

A PARADE BY THE LINCOLN PIONEER CORPS AND LINCOLN CLUB-SPEECHES BY MESSRS. CAR-TER, RUSH, SUTHERLAND AND

VAN ALLEN.

One swallow does not make a summer, neither campaign; but the turnout of the Lincoln Pioneer Corps and the Lincoln Club, of the VIIth. Assem-District, last night, opened the military atures of the Republican campaign in a manner that was highly creditable to both organizations, and set the key at a pitch which it will be difficult for succeeding demonstrations to live Major Whitfield Van Cott, of the Pioneers, formed his corps of handsome axemen into line at the lower end of Fifth-ave., one hundred strong? at 8:30 o'clock. Behind these were marshalled about 400 members of the Lincoln Club, with Richard Van Cott, chairman of the Repub lican Association of the VIIth. Assembly trict, in command. Postmaster Van Cott. the president of the Lincoln Club, was up at the Fifth Avenue Hotel arranging for the reception to be given the marching voters there.

At a quarter before 9 o'clock the energetic and tuneful brass band which headed the column struck up a spirited march, and the Pioneers started up the avenue with an even swing and martial bearing such as become the veterans of three Presidential campaigns. The sidewalks and the stoops of the descrited Fifth-ave, mansions along the route were covered with a quickly gathering crowd, who gazed with admiration at the towering bearskin shakos, gleaming axes and neatly fitting uniforms of the bold Pioneers who had left their peaceful homes to brave the terrors of red fire, plunging cab horses and sputtering Roman candles, for the glory of Republicanism and the ticket of 1892.

The combination of fireworks, multary music and the vocifecous cheering of 100 future Republican voters, who marched ahead of the procession, stirred the crowds in the street to a high pitch of enthusiasm. Swinging around Madison Square, to get a good headway, the column came down the avenue again in imposing form and lined up before the Fifth Avenue Hotel, the Pioneers in front, at parade rest, the club in the rear.

In the balcony over the main entrance gathered the members of the Republican National Executive Committee and a number of gentlemen and ladies. When the crowd began to call for speeches, ex-Assemblyman L. L. Van Allen, of the VIIth District, stepped forward to the rail, doffed his high white hat, Aid in a few well-chosen words congratulated his hearers and himself on being there, and on being good Republicans. He then introduced Thomas H. Carter, the newly elected chairman of the Republican National Committee. After the band had had its innings again, and the applause which greeted Mr. Carter's appearance had subsided, he said:

On behalf of the National Committee I extend to you all the most hearty thanks for the compliment of this serenade. In the presence of the name of Lincoln inscribed on your banners, any one might be inspired to speak at length on the great work and greater principles consecrated by his blood. But this is not the place, nor am 1 the orator to give fitting expression to the veneration and admiration of this audience for those principles. I will only ask you, one and all, forgetting the expression of past pr ences, to stand shoulder to shoulder in the coming fight for the ticket, Harrison and Reid. (Great cheering "I'll bet he's a fine business man! What a head he has!" said a curbstone admirer, as Mr.

Carter disappeared into the crowd. Mr. Van Allen then introduced Secretary Rusk,

Pellow Citizens, Fellow Republicans and Fellow Farmers: (Laughter.) Breetings and thanks for the honor of this reception. I was permitted to come to the front on the promise that I wouldn't make a speech, but simply promise you good weather during this campaign. If we don't drown the Democrats out this venr it won't be my fault (shouts of laughter), but the Republicans, the chosen people of the Lord, shall come through dry shod. God bless you and the party in the coming campaign. (Great applaise.)

The band played "For He's a Jolly Good Fel-The band played "For He's a Jolly Good Fellow," and the growd said "Amen." Then there were cries of "Reid, Reil!" but the candidate for Vice-President was not there to respond.

W. A. Sutherland, of Rochester, was next introduced as "New-York's member on the National Committee." He prophesied a victory to be organized and achieved if his hearers would work with the committee.

work with the committee, and with three cheers for the ticket, the audience dispersed. The Pioneers marched up by the Union League and Republican clubs, and then disbanded.

CAMPAIGN WORK IN MOUNT VERNON.

The Republican League Club of Mount Vernon met est night in the rooms of the Home Building and Loan Association, when reports were made by the del egates to the Rochester Convention. The gathering grew into a semi-ratification meeting, when speakers enthusiastically commended the Harrison and Reid ticket.

A meeting of the Republican City General Committee will be held to morrow night, when reports from committees will be made on the general plan of the campaign and upon the selection of a hall for the permanent meeting place of the committees and of a big building for mass-meetings.

SAVING PLUMS UNTIL THEY SHALL BE NEEDED.

Mayor Grant's appointment of a police justice to succeed the late John E. Kelly, salary \$3,000 a year: two Commissioners of Records, salary \$6,000 a year each, and three members of the Plumbers' Examining Board, who are to receive \$5 a day while in session have been deferred until the Board of Aldermen has reapportioned the city into thirty Assembly and Aldernte districts.

The new board for licensing plumbers is to have engineer in charge of sewers of the Public Works De partment will be ex-officio members and the Mayor will appoint the three others. Assemblymen and Aldermen who find their occupations gone in the newly made districts may be seeking employment in the freshly constituted boards.

BANNER-RAISING AT LAMBERTVILLE.

Lambertville, N. J., July 16 .- The Republicans have been somewhat delayed in their banner-mising, but to-night they flung the immense canvas to the breeze, they had some slight difficulty in getting it out, but wasted nothing more than time, which was just what the large crowd enjoyed. A crowd does not want to music, fireworks and some parading, they had a real merry and exciting time of it. Of course all the

FOR JUDGE OF THE COURT OF APPEALS. The New-York branch of the Socialist Labor Party held its State Convention last night, and put in nomination for Judge of the Court of Appeals Dr. Franz Gerau, of Brooklyn.

REPUBLICANS RAISE A BANNER. Hightstown, N. J., July 16 (Special)-A very hand some Harrison and Reid banner was swung to the breeze across Main-st. to-night from the Republican



Our Baby Was a beauty, fair, plump and

healthy. But when two years old Scrofula Humor spread over her head, neck and foreheaddown into her healthy. But when two years old

Emma Frederick. eyes, one great sore, liching and burning. Hood's Sarsaparille gave her new life and appe tite. Then the humor subsided, the itching and burnperfectly well." I. W. PREDERICK, Danforth atreet near Crescent ave., Cypress Hill, Brooklyn, N. Y. HOOD'S PILLS cure all Liver Ills, billousness, nausee

AYER'S PILLS

constipation, dyspepsia, jaundice. sick headache.

THE BEST

remedy for all disorders of the stomach, liver, and bowels.

Every Dose Effective

League building, amid the booming of cannon and the cheers of a multitude.

ADLAI E. STEVENSON IN TOWN. NOT A DEMOCRAT WELCOMES THE PARTY'S CAN

DIDATE AT THE STATION OR THE HOTEL. Adlai E. Stevenson, of Illinois, the Democratic can didate for Vice-President, arrived in this city last night from his home. He was accompanied by his law partner, James S. Ewing, of Bloomington, and by the latter's brother, Adial T. Ewing, and W. G. Ewing. Another member of the party was Charles Shackford The party of travellers looked weary and wen

covered with dust when they entered the Hoffman House at 9:55 o'clock. Mr. Stevenson, who is a tall, spare man, with iron gray hair and a gray mustace was clad in a black suit of clothing, which was be We had a fatiguing trip to-day," said he, "but it

was lightened up by some pleasant receptions at the hands of Democrats at Rochester, Syracuse, Utica and There was no speechmaking." "How long will you remain in New-York!" he we

"At least until Wednesday evening," he replied wit smile, "and then I do not know in which direction Perhaps I shall accept Mr. Cleveland cordial invitation to visit him at Buzzard's Bay."

"Do you like the idea of this big notification?"
"Oh, yes, I fall in with the plans of my fellow Democrats upon every occasion. I am much gratified by the Tammany Hall indorsement of the ticket, but is was just what I expected. The New York Democrats will be loyal, I am sure. Out in Illinois we are hopeful of carrying the State for the Democratic party."

It is significant that not a Tammany Hall man, nor, indeed, any Democrat whatever of the city of New-York, went to the station to meet Mr. Stevenson, nor was there one at the Hoffman House to welcome him.

RAILROAD INTERESTS.

THE HOUSATONIC RAILROAD DIFFICULTY.

Bridgeport, Conn., July 16.-Matters in railroad circles are much disturbed to-day. Rumors of suitare flying about, and railroad officials and their attorneys are reticent. Colonel W. H. Stevenson, it is rumored, is to sue J. A. Bostwick for a large claim rumored, is to sue J. A. Bostwick for a large claim in connection with the recent Housatonic sale, and his attorners, Davenport & O'Hara, do not deny it, although they say that none has yet been brought. Colonel Stevenson also threatens suit for defamation of character against two directors of the Consolidated road, who he asserts are responsible for the \$20,000 suit brought against him yesterday. The ex-general manager dendes absolutely that there was any property abstracted from the Housatonic officers during the few days prior to the new directors taking possession.

AUBSCRIPTIONS TO A CAR COMPANY'S STOCK Detroit, Mich., July 16 .- Four million eight hundred and Michigan Penjinsular Car Company have been taken by Detroit capitalists and banks since the books were opened resterilar. Over \$4,000,000 worth of the securities have allotted to New-York, Boston, Chicago and Cincin

Savannah, Ga., July 18.-The Georgia Central Railros

elvership has been made permanent by an order issue Judge Speer of the United States Circuit Court. H Comer was retained as receiver. There was no ob-

Pine Bluffs, Ark., July 16 .- The Pine Bluff and Swit

made from both ends of the line, and the read will be put in first-class condition. The efficials have thus far not arrived at any understanding as to the terminus of the

REDUCED RATES FOR AN EXPOSITION St. Louis, July 16.-At a meeting vesterday of the St. Louis, Association of Rullway Passenger Agents, a redured rate of one fare for the round trip was ordered for fair week in October, at a rate of one and one-third far the annual St. Louis Exposition.

PROPOSED "CLOVER LEAF" EXTENSION. Lebanon, Ind., July 10. The Toledo, St. Louis and Kansas City Railroad Company ("Clover Leaf" route) i about to locate an extension of its line from Frankfort to Indianapolis through this city.

DEASE OF A ROAD RATIFIED.

Dubuque, Iowa, July 16 .- At a meeting of the Chicago St. Paul and Kaneas City Rallway Company, held here lease of the road to the Chicago and Great Western Corpany for ninety-nine years was formally ratified. M Stickney, Mr. Platt and other members of the company we

ANOTHER RELIC OF ST. ANN HERE.

Father Tetreau, pastor of the Roman Catholl Church of St. Jean Baptiste, the little French church in Seventy-sixth-st., between Lexington and Third aves, received another relic of St. Ann, this time from Quebec, yesterday. It was brought by Monsignor Marquis and is about two and one-quarter inche long, being taken from the forearm of the saint. It will probably be exposed to the public view at th service this morning, and will remain on exhibition for the rest of the month and perhaps during a part of August. This relie is the second to be exhibited i this city. The first was shown on Sunday, May 1, it the same church, and was seen by nearly a quarte of a million people, many of whom tell stories of th miraculous cures it effected. The relie will remain at the Church of St. Jean Baptiste, and the basement of the church is being prepared as a sanctuary in which to keep it.

MURDERED A CHINAMAN ON SHIPBOARD.

San Francisco, July 16.-Illinois Wise was arrested resterday charged with having muclered a Chineman on the bark W. H. Dimond, while the vessel was tying at Honolulu. He made a statement befor Commissioner Sawyer, stating that he witnessed the brilling of the Chinaman; that it was done by watchman named Paul and another Chinaman. murder was committed for money. Wise stated that he assisted to throw the body of the deceased man overboard, also his effects. His statement was purely voluntary. He told how the Chinaman who was killed came aboard the vessel. The Chinaman had been smuggled aboard by Wise to be brought to this city and landed. Paul, the night-watchman, is now in the custody of the Honolulu authorities.

NORTHERN LIGHTS ON A SUMMER NIGHT. Faint, weird, filmy streamers of shimmering light streamed across the northern heavens last night, and aught the gaze of the belated wayfarer. aurora borealis in one of its most subdued, but beautiful forms. A dark cloud hung along the horizon, and from behind it the quivering, pulpitating fingers of misty light stretched forth to reach the star sprinkled zenith. It was the very ghost of an illumination, the beckoning of an uncanny spirit of light to its fellows in the farther corners of the sky. For an hour or more it waxed and waned with momentary fluctua tions, and then the goffest, and the clearest of mid-summer nights was left to the guardinship of those staid old veterans of the stellar illuminating system which burn with purest ray serene and don't jump around in the uncomfortable manner of their modern electrical brethren.

THE HERRESHOFF BOAT BEATEN.

anger Down, Scotland, July 16.-The Herreshoff in Wenonah was beaten eight minutes by the Modwen in the 2 1-2 rater race here yesterday. The Calra was third and the Shamrock last.

Smith & Angell's Black Hostery is Uncurpassed For color and wearing qualities, is the best and casepost and retails at papular prices.

veteran-like manner, these officers speak in terms of

the highest admiration of this last and best evidence of the military spirit and force so essential to the preservation of law and order within the States, as well as the defence of country in case of foreign attack. Aside from their feelings of professional respect and pride at the suc cessful movement upon Homestead—which feelings are, as a prominent officer of the Marine Corps exto-day, "due to the magnificent zenl and pressed it to day, "due to the magnificent zeal and fidelity shown by the troops"—officers of the regular service here regard the mobilization of the Guard as matter of vast practical importance as a valuable object lesson not only to Pennsylvania but to every State having or not having an organized military force, because the circumstance is bringing strongly the people the necessity of maintaining a prope and efficient physical force for emergencies having the same causes and conditions as the one which is so prominently before them. Further and perhaps more potent in practical importance, officers of the Army, whose duties bring them in close relation with Congressional act on on the annual appropriation bill for the Army, which includes a meagre provision relating to the arming, etc., of the militia, believe the occasion for and the manner of the mobilization of the Pennsylvania troops to be the best and strongest argu-

sylvania troops to be the best and strongest argument with which to secure a material and necessary increase in the amount of the annual appropriation made available for the militia.

Secretary Elkins said to-day in regard to the movements on and at Homestead: "The mobilization of the troops was well and quickly done, and the officers and men deserve all the praise they have received. It is a magnificent speciale to see 6,000 troops, composed of peaceful citizens emagad in various occupations, massed in a rapid and effective manner at a distant place ready for any service. It is a grand tribute to the loyalty and discipline of Pennsylvania's faithful citizen soldiery."

Adjutant-General Williams said: "It was wonderful success, and the conduct of the officers and men recalls the services of veterans in every way."

A MASS-MEETING IN UNION SQUARE. SAMUEL GOMPERS MAKES A SPEECH-MANY

UNIONS REPRESENTED.

third anti-Pinkerton demonstration within the week was held in Union Square last evening by the new Central Labor Union. It was the largest at most enthusiastic demonstration of the kind yet held in this city. About 3,500 persons were present. All the speakers denounced the Pinkertons, H. C. Frick and Andrew Carnegie, at the same time pro feasing cornestly their love for their country and their willingness to fight for it if necessary. Besides the speakers at the cottage, there was a truck in Sever teenth-st., near Fourth-ave., where others spoke to an overflow meeting. Henry Weisman, of the Bakers' Union, presided at the cottage, where the principal speaker was Samuel Gompers, president of the Ameri an Federation of Labor. began speaking there was a disturbance in the middle of the crowd, followed by the rush of dozen policemen to the spot. The sight of the policemen rushing, with their clubs into the crowd, caused a momentary panic, which was only averted by Mr. Gompers, who shouted that everything was all right. A man who called himself Alexander S. Wright, who had been discovered in the act of stenling a gold watch from the pocket of a spectator, was the cause of the disturbance. He was arrested and locked up. Mr. Gonzpers began his remarks by saying that he would take second place to no man in his love for the institutions of the country. Quoting the words of man who is exactly like a traitor to his country. called H. C. Frick the "srch-Anarchist of the United "I glory," said he, "In the manhood of the Homestead strikers who protected themselves and their homes. It pays always to employ the best labor, which is organized labor." Arbitration seemed to be Mr. Gompers's scheme for settling the Homestend

After Mr. Gompers's speech resolutions were read by Henry Weisman. These resolutions condemned the "insa inble greed of Carnegie and Frick and the l'inkerton guards." The members of the Carnegie Pinkerton guards." The members of the Carnegle firm were condemned as "accessories to the Homefirm were condemned as "accessories to the Homestead murders." Finally unlimited financial and moral aid were piedged to the Homestead workers. The resolutions awere adopted unanimously. Other speakers were James P. Archibald, George K. Lloyd and Charles Levering. Robert lilissert, J. Edelman and W. C. Owen spoke from the truck.

The eight makers, brewers, electric wire-men, machinists, pointers and clothing workers came to the meeting with brass bands and transparencies. Many of the latter bore extremely radical propositions, the police arrangements were not as embounte as is cur-omary at such gatherings. Sersean Morgan and Alcorn was present with ten municipal police.

Pittsburg, July 16 .- A few days more will see the Thirty-third-st. Carnegle mill completely inclosed by a carpenters are directing their attention to another fence along Thirty third at. The fence almost ob-All toomage men will be paid their wages in full Thirty-third and Smallman sta. July 10, 1802.

This, virtually, is the sequel to the matter, and the men recognize the fact. Many of the men were re-civing their pay as early as 10 o'clock to-day. The ceiving their pay as early as 10 o'clock to-day. The group of twos and threes that filed in and out of the pay office were not disposed to laugh and joke as less been usual on other pay days. There is a sombre appearance about the entire neighborhood. The men are not bothering the works, and the watchmen are only nesded in keeping out strangers who are inquistive. The only activity about the two mills is when the yard hands are removing stock here and there for shipment. Carloed after carload is leaving for diffrent points east and west. It will be some days ere they can clean up entirely.

THE HOMESTEAD INVESTIGATION Washington, July 16.-The special House committee which investigated the Homestead troubles will meet again next Tuesday and consider the testimony taken at Pitt-burg, with a view to formulating their repo at once, so that it may be presented to the House before the close of this session. It is expected that the report will be submitted the latter part of the week It is expected that the investigate the Pinkerton system during the recess of Congress. Chairman Cates is confident the report will be completed and presented to the House within

SAGE ADVICE FROM THE "TEMPS."

Paris, July 16.-The "Temps," in an article to day commenting on the labor disorders in the United States, advises the Federal Government to assert its authority strongly and to suppress with the utmost energy the savage bratality by which the disorders have been marked. Electoral considerations alone, the "Temps" adds, should prevent further delay in the

TWIN BROTHERS DROWNED WHILE BATHING. Bangor, Me., July 16 .- Arthur W. and W. B. Warn. of Levant, twin brothers, aged eight years, were drowned vesterday afternoon while swimming.

FATAL WRECK CAUSED BY CATTLE. Bakersfield, July 16 .- A freight train was wrecked

here this morning by running into a number of cattle Brakeman Donnelly was fatally scalded, two tramps were killed, and, it is believed, two more are under the wreck.

THE WEEKLY CHANGE AT THE STATE CAMP. State Camp, Peckskill, N. Y., July 16,-The 13th Regiment boys, who had experienced some hot weather in camp during the week, seemed anxious to start for home to-day. They turned out early this morning and packed up their traps to leave camp. The me



with Dr. Pierce's medicines, if you get the genuine. Supposs they're not the lowest in price — what does that matter! The point that's important is this: — they're the cheapest medicines you can buy at any price, for, with them, you pay only for the good you get. If they ever fail to benefit or cure, you have your money k. Can you ask more!

back. Can you ask more?

But, there's only one way to get these genuine guaranteed medicines. To guard against fraud and imposition, they're sold only through druggists regularly authorized as agents, and always at these long-established prices:

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery (for the liver, blood and lungs), \$1.00.

Dr. Pierce's Piesant Pellets (for the liver, stomach and bowels), 25 cents.

Beware of fraudulent imitations and dilutions effered at lower prices than the abova.

The following organizations arrived in the State Camp to-night: the 65th Regiment, in two battalions of eleven companies each, under command of Colonel Welch: also the 8th, 26th, 28th, 32d and 43d separate companies. The First Brigade Signal Corps, numbering twenty-five men, have also arrived.

THE TEMESCAL TIN MINES.

A SENSATIONAL STORY OF THEIR FAILURE DIS-PROVED-A DISCHARGED ENGINEER'S TALK AND EMPLOYE'S GOSSIP.

San Francisco, July 16 (Special).-An attempted sen sation was sprung this morning by "The Examiner" in a two-page article devoted to exposure of the alleged failure of the Temescal tin mine at San Jacinto, San Bernardino County, which was sold last year to an English syndicate for \$1,500,000. This article is founded on the assertions of a discharged engineer named James J. Quick and the gossip of employes Quick declares over his signature that there is not enough ore in sight to run the mill for thirty days, and that in all the shafts except one the ore has "petered out." Then follow figures showing that it costs mor to produce the tin than it sells for, and superintendent, Colonel Harris, a practical Cornish miner, is on his way to London to explain the gloomy dination to the stockholders. Pictures are given and descriptions are printed of the costly buildings erected onel Robinson, who was the original manager, as well as cuts of what are called his engineering The whole article is written up and displayed as a

convincing argument against the McKinley bill, because specimens of this tin were sent to many public men and the mine was used as an illustration by Republican ocators and editors of the benefits of McKinley's measure in stimulating manufactures. What makes the article mischievous is the number of half-truths that it contains. The whole trouble at the works, put in a nutshell, is this: Colonel Robinson erected a small five-stamp California mill merely as an experiment, to show that the ore could be easily worked. Fuel and water had to be hauled to this mill, which was never regarded as permanent, because t cost too much to run it. Robinson's plan was bring water from the neighboring mountains down into a canyon near the ore body, and then establish large stamp mill which would be run by water power. After this use, the water would be carried down into a large valley owned by the mining company, which could be planted to oranges and sold to colonists.

The stamp mill was bought in England and brought to the grounds, but the preliminary expenses of ditches, flumes and dams alarmed the English stockholders. They did not know that no large enterpris like this can be carried through for less than \$200,000. when the bills came pouring in, they ordered a halt, recalled Robinson, appointed a practical English miner in his place and foolishly began to work this rich mine with their petty five stamp mill. From this

rich mine with their petty five-stamp mill. From this the output has averaged ten tons monthly, which yields \$5,000, or \$2,000 less than the operating expenses. The expenses of running 100 stamps by water power would not be so heavy as this.

As the English company has spent nearly \$2,000,000 on the property, it will have to develop the water power or lose the whole plant. It is tide to talk of carrying on a large mill without water, as fuel is too expensive, and the present mill has not sufficient capacity for any profit. Robinson's plans were approved by some of the ablest mining engineers in the country. The only mistake he made was in argumising big returns much sconer than they could be clent capacity for any profit. Represent the appears in approved by some of the ablest mining engineers in the country. The only mistake he made was in promising big returns much somer than they could be realized; but this is a failing of all mining projectors. As regards the amount of tin ore in sight, only a committee of experts would decide the question.

PRESIDENT BAKER WILL RESIGN.

TOO MUCH ARITICISM AND CONTENTION AMONG THE WORLD'S FAIR DIRECTORS FOR HIM. Chicago, July 16 (Special).-The report is current

World's Fair corles that, warled the constant attacks that have been made on him by certain newspapers, Mr. Baker has determined to resign the presidency of the World's Fair Board of Directors. To a reporter, Mr. Baker practically admitted the truth of these rumors "I have," said Mr. Baker, "been this evening. "I have," said Mr. Baker, "been wearied and worned by the constant fire of unjust and unreasonable attack to which I have been subjected. My physician has warned me several time that moless I rest from the incessant strain to which my work subjects me, apart from the contempt ble, petty and uscless annoyances, my nervous system may break down."

When asked to what he attributed the opposition to his administration, he said: "That is a matter I do not care to go boto. It has been entirely upon personal grounds in one instance, and for a more serious reason in another. While I am satisfied that nothing but a bombshell will clear the air, I prefer not to be one ti fire it. This I will say, however, the Extheir engerness to assail me, overlook the damage they may kullict upon this great enterprise. As to the course I have taken I think time will show I consider that the firm's intention is to use the fence as a barricade. This notice is posted up:

have done my duty. With whatever ability I was allo to bring to the task, I labored early and late. My own business I have placed in the hands of other while I have devoted myself to the World's ir, without compensation."

A RIG TRAINLOAD OF FLOUR.

Chicago, July 16 (Special).-There passed cast yesterday a solid special train of forty cars of flour solid to a leading baker in Washington. If is in charge of the Kanawha Dispatch, running from Chi ago over the "Big Four" and the Chesapeake and push this train through in three and a half days from Chicago to Washington. The cars contain 6,000 barrels of flour, the product of 30,000 bushels of wheat, manufactured at Lucrosse. This is the first solld train-load of flour ever run through any mill to

STABBED HIS FATHER.

In a quarrel at No. 410 Water-st., at 10 o'clock last night, William McKenna stabbed his father, Patrick McKenna, in the left side, inflicting a dangerous wound. The injured man was taken to the Gouverneur Hospital, and his son was arrested.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

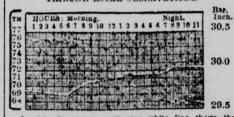
ANOTHER STORM BREWING IN THE NORTHWEST. Washington, D. C., July 16.—The storm which was in no lower St. Lawrence Valley this morning has passed the castward, followed by the area of high pressure to the carrier which is now central in the 18ke regions. A second sturbance is central north of Montana, where the barot ter has fallen four-tenths of an inch in the past twelve The temperature has failen about 10 degrees from New The temperature has fallen about 10 centres from New-England westward and in the Middle Atlantic States, the Onto and Central Mississippi vaileys. It is warmer from Lake Superior westward to Montana. Generally fair weather has prevailed, except local showers in the Southwest Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, and Colorado.

The indications are that cool and fair weather will continue in New England and Middle Atlantic States, the Upper Ohio Vailey and lake region during Sundar, Showers are indicated for the Central Mississippi and Lower Missouri vaileys and for the South Atlantic Coast.

PORECAST IN DETAIL FOR TO-DAY. For New-England, fair, slightly warmer, except on the South New-England coast; stationary temperature.

For Eastern New-York, Eastern Pennsylvania, New ersey and Delaware, fair weather; slightly was Northern New-York. For the District of Columbia, Maryland and Virginia, generally fair; cooler in Southwestern Virginia.

For Western New-York, Western Pennsylvania, Western Virginia and Onlo, generally fair; slightly warmer,
For Upper Michigan, Lower Michigan and Wisconsin,
generally fair and warmer.
For Indiana, fair, followed by local showers Sunday
night or Monday; warmer in northern portion.
For Nebraska, warmer; generally fair; southerly winds;
showers on Monday and cooler weather.



In this diagram a continuous white line shows the changes in pressure, as indicated by The Tribune's self-recording baremeter. The broken line represents the temperature as observed at Perry's Pharmacy.

Tribune Office, July 17, 1 a. m .- Yesterday was clear and cool with strong southwesterly winds, changing at one time to northwesterly. The barometer rose steadily all day. The temperature ranged between 76 and 68 degrees, the average (72) being 8 degrees lower than on Friday.

In and near this city to-day there will probably be fair and warmer weather.

It is a well-known fact that no one supplies hotels, clubs, restaurants and steamers with finer provisions, hotel specialities and table dolleacies than C. Perceval-Pine Jersey pork, larding pork, calves' head, sweet-breads, livers, feet, etc.; imported chasses and artichokes. Shawe, near sthet; branch, Oth-ave, near 44th-at.

NOTICE TO THE STRIKERS. bers of the 13th wers, however, well pleased with his reception night, and said he was well pleased with his reception night, and the showing the troops had made.

Laces.

WE HAVE BOUGHT AN IMMENSE JOB OF

SETS OF THREE WIDTHS OF EACH PATTERN LOT NO. 1, 4 INCHES WIDE, WORTH LOT NO. 2, 9 INCHES WIDE, WORTH

LOT NO. 3, 14 INCHES WIDE, 35c...

SPECIAL VALUES BLACK CHANTILLY LACE FLOUNCINGS, 43 INCHES WIDE, 1,21, 1.49, 1,68, 1.81, and 2.11

OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF IRISH POINT AND POINT DE GENE LACES, BOTH REAL AND IMIT. TION, AT HALF FORMER PRICES, THE GREATER RARGAINS TO BE FOUND IN THE CITY. SILK LACE PARASOL COVERS IN BLACK.

WHITE, AND ECRU, FAR BELOW 1.49, 1.74, 2.24, and 2.49 PARASOL COVERS FOR BABY CAR-RIAGES, ALL QUALITIES, FROM.......

P TO VERY HANDSOME QUALITY OF REAL TAM-2.71 and 2.99 BOURED LACE AT..... SPECIAL BARGAINS IN EMBROIDERIES, 20 AND 45 INCH HEMSTITCHED FLOUNCINGS, SWINS CAMBRIC AND NAINSOOK TRIMMINGS.

NEW LOT OF SCALLOPED-EDGE SWISS PLOUNCINGS, 45 INCHES WIDE, WORTH
.90 TO \$1.25, AT.....

SEASHORE AND MOUNTAIN BLAZER AND RTOS SUITS MARKED DOWN FULLY 35 PER CENT. FROM

FORMER PRICE \$9.81..... LADIES' ALLIGATOR WEAVE SERGE BLAZER SUITS IN TAN AND GRAY, FORMER PRICE, 814.91, AT.

LADIES STORM SERGE ETON SUITS, SPECIAL 7.81, 9.99, 13.61 75 LADIES' SILK SEPARATE WALKING SKIRTS, WERE \$12.41, \$16.81 AND

\$19.74, AT.....

LADIES' STORM SERGE SEPARATE WALKING 4.49, 5.41, 5.99 SKIRTS LADIES' WHITE FLAN-

LADIES' AND MISSES' STORM 2.29, 3.91, 4.99 SERGE NAVY BLAZERS AT 2.29, 3.91, 4.99 175 IMPORTED SERGE SUITS IN CREAM,

TAN, SAPPHIRE, ROSE AND GRAY SHADES, HALF SILK LINED, WITH WATTEAU AND RUSSIAN BLOUSE EF-FEUTS; WERE \$12.61, AT.....

Shoes.

1,000 PAIRS EXTRA FINE IMPORTED TURKISH SLIPPERS, ASSORTED COL-ORS, AT

LADIES' TURKISH BATHROOM SLIPPERS, ASSORTED COLORS, AT

CLOTH BATHING STOCKINGS. 100 PAIRS PATENT LEATHER VAMP OX-

BLACK AND COLORS AT LOWEST PRICES,

SILK-STRIPED BOTANY CLOTH SHIRTS
IN BEAUTIFUL PATTERNS: SILKSTITCHED AND BUTTONHOLES WORKED

149 WITH SILK ...

JOHT-WEIGHT, DURABLE SILK AND LINEN SHIRTS IN BEAUTIFUL PAT' 1.19

TERNS

BARGAINS IN HOSIERY

WEATHER.

LADIES'. STITCH, IN TAN, SLATE, AND FAST BLACK, DOUBLE REEL AND TOE...... 00 DOZEN FINE QUALITY COTTON, IN

SAMPLES, NO TWO PAIRS ALIKE, WORTH FROM .34 TO .59

00 DOZEN RICHELIEU-RIBBED LISLE THREAD, IN SOLID COLORS AND TWO-TONED, WITH FAST-BLACK BOOT PAT-TERNS, HIGH SPLICED HEEL 50 DOZEN SAMPLE HOSE IN FINE QUAL-

ITY LISLE THREAD AND PLATED SILK.

200 DOZEN FAST-BLACK COTTON, DOUBLE KNEE, HEEL AND TOE, GOOD, DUR-ABLE HOSE, SIZES 6 TO 012......

175 DOZEN HALF-HOSE, MANUFACTURERS' SAMPLES, COTTON AND LISLE THREAD, IN ASSORTED COLORS AND FAST BLACK

Horseman's Goods.

200 ROBES, FULL SIZE, IN GREEN AND .99

THESE EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS (A SAVIS OP 25 PER CENT. TO 33 L3 PER CENT.) WARRANT

Suits and Blazers,

5 SEASHORE, LIGHT, NARROW. STRIPED FLANNEL BLAZER SUITS;

NAVY STORM SERGE BLAZER SUITS, PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED, FORMER PRICE, \$10.61, AT

6.61, 9.91, 11.99

AND BEDFORD ER SUITS. HALF SILK 12.41, 13.61, 14.98

000 PAIRS BLACK AND BLUE JERSEY

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF OXFORD TIES IN

Men's Shirts.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE 'Y LAUNDERED COLLAR AND CUFF SHIRTS; CHOICE
PATTERNS AND BEST POSSI- .89 to 1.89 BLE MAKE

Boys' Outing Shirts.

.39 to 1.64

THAT MUST PROVE INTERESTING, EVEN IN HOT

200 DOZEN COTTON, PLAIN AND DROP SPLICED HEEL AND DOUBLE TOE SPECIAL SALE OF MANUFACTURERS'

00 DOZEN ENGLISH INGRAIN COTTON, IN SLATE AND RUSSET SHADES, DOUBLE HEEL AND TOE.....

CHILDREN'S.

MEN'S.

207 PAIR ALL-WOOL 5-POUND BLANKETS. 324

YOUR ANTICIPATING YOUR WANTE